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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/782,608	02/14/2001	Milton Smith	0879-0299P	9767
2292	7590 04/04/	005	EXAMINER	
BIRCH STI PO BOX 747	EWART KOLASO	BAYERL, RAYMOND J		
	, JRCH, VA 22040-	747	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			2173	

DATE MAILED: 04/04/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/782,608	SMITH, MILTON				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Raymond J. Bayerl	2173				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address				
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stareply received by the Office later than three months after the med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may reply within the statutory minimum of the dwill apply and will expire SIX (6) Matute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ı.			
Status				•			
1) 🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	1 January 2005; 22 Februa	v 2005.				
· ·	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
•	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1 - 47</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)🖂	☑ Claim(s) <u>1 - 23, 41 - 47</u> is/are allowed.						
6)🖂	✓ Claim(s) <u>24 - 40</u> is/are rejected.✓ Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
7)							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) [3	accepted or b) objected	o by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor	rection is required if the drawi	ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(c	ł).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore		. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority docum						
	2. Certified copies of the priority docum		· · · — —				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the p		en received in this National Stage				
* (application from the International Bur See the attached detailed Office action for a	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	at received				
	see the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies if	ot received.				
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Attachmen							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date				
3) Infon	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB	/08) 5) 🔲 Notice o	f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Pape	er No(s)/Mail Date	6)					

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1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

2. Claims 7 – 10, 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

As per claim 7, it is not clear what antecedent applicant intends for "The one or more computer-readable media of claim 1", when parent claim 1 is instead directed to "A computer-implemented method". Please note a similar problem with claim 9.

Also in claim 7, after the 21 January 2005 amendment, "said input module" has been left without clear antecedent, since now all that remains is a step of "converting the received images" in parent claim 1.

As per claim 12, please note that the most recent amendment renders uncertain "including the image", since "the received images" are now recited.

3. Claims 24 - 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Frey et al. ("Frey"; US #6,369,908 B1) and Yager et al. ("Yager"; US #5,983,236).

As per claim 24's "kiosk", "inputting one or more images" is at least to be found in Frey's PHOTO KIOSK, which similarly discloses that a <u>cpu</u> is used to capture an <u>electronic image</u>, so that <u>the user can selectively add to the electronic image</u> and <u>save the electronic file on a removable electronic storage device</u> (Abstract).

Responsive to "one or more service requests", <u>the captured image</u> in Frey is sent <u>to the cpu</u> (col 3, lines 43 – 67), which <u>displays the captured image</u> onto the monitor 13, <u>thereby allowing the user to **review** the captured image</u>. Since coded instructions are

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invariably expressible using characters, the "service requests" in the Frey KIOSK can be interpreted as forming a "text order file", specifying in Frey "one or more types of image processing to be performed on each of the one or more images".

Frey's **explicit** disclosure appears to be that of a single-source image acquisition arrangement, via a digitizing camera at the <u>KIOSK</u> location, and not one that involves "sending the one or more images and the order file to a second processing device". However, such dual-device processing is suggested by the multiple-terminal arrangement of Yager, who in <u>PROVIDING A MULTIMEDIA PRESENTATION</u>, works with <u>combinations of audio</u>, video, still images, and text which are represented by binary <u>data files</u> (Abstract). Yager is described at col 3, lines 7 – 25, as building a <u>data file</u> from <u>component data</u>, where a <u>file type identifier</u> is associated with the <u>synchronized</u> output (see also col 2, lines 42 – 65), this being forwarded to an external recipient after having been sourced from pre-existing image data.

It would therefore have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to separate (as per Yager) the processing of image sourcing and instruction gathering from image processing, "to satisfy the corresponding one or more service requests" handled by Frey, so as to increase system flexibility and siting options. The motivation to use an approach like Yager's <u>server</u> set-up resides in Frey, where the destination for the "images" is already placed upon a separate server, when the customer wishes e-mailed copies or when the resultant storage medium is opened. Yager, superimposed upon this, will treat the Frey "kiosk" as a server, and

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then perform the "processing" on the "second processing device" so as to generate the final MULTIMEDIA PRESENTATION.

At the "second processing device", then, of the Frey/Yager combination, "outputting of the one or more images" will take place (claim 25). In receiving "service requests" from the Frey "kiosk" for such typical "image processing" as would include "cropping" (claim 35), "attributes associated with the specified output device" (claim 26) will necessarily be transmitted over a "communicative link" (claim 40) as a "preference" (claim 36), as is identically seen when Frey specifies output modes for the images captured. These will include the "output image file format" (claim 27) and "output media" (claim 28), as instructed from the higher-order Frey device. Included are at least "a digital storage device", to satisfy claim 29, and "output" "on the specified medium" (claim 30).

At the point that the "customer" directs a Yager-enhanced Frey "kiosk", "customer information" includes at least one of "price, and method of payment" (claim 31), or the transaction cannot proceed. Frey, as noted above, allows specification of "an address" (claim 32) of "a digital storage device" (claim 34) using a "file directory" (see also claim 38), and a principal finished "medium" in such an environment as photo-imaging is "a print medium" involving at least "border information" (claim 33). In this scenario, "print sizes" are also specified (claim 37). In the alternative, the "processing device" components can be located together, as in claim 39; indeed, this is a feature of a "kiosk" such as Frey's, in creating immediate added value at a given site.

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4. Applicant's arguments entered 22 February 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive, as regard the claims that continue to be rejected as indicated above.

Applicant argues (remarks, page 24) that "the proposed combination of Frey and Yager would not teach or suggest crating a text order file". "Instead, according to the Frey/Yager combination, the server would send *synchronization information* with the components, to indicate how the video clip should be processed" and "Yager only teaches that the synchronization information contains data indicating points of temporal correlation between the various video clip components." However, the invariable potential that all coded instructions have for being textually represented allows for an interpretation of claim 24 to be made in which the "order file" can be seen as "text". Also, it is Frey, not Yager, who principally teaches the input of an "order file", so as to specify image processing operations at the KIOSK. These would then obviously direct the operations of Yager, as input to the "second processing device".

- 5. Claims 1 23, 41 47 are allowable over the prior art of record. The amendments and remarks concerning these claims, as found in the 21 January 2005 response entered with the 22 February 2005 request for RCE, are persuasive.
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Raymond J. Bayerl whose telephone number is (571) 272-4045. The examiner can normally be reached on M Th from 9:00 AM to 4:00 PM ET.

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7. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca, can be reached on (571) 272-4048. All patent application related correspondence transmitted by FAX **must be directed** to the central FAX number (703) 872-9306.

8. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-2100.

RAYMOND J. BAYERL PRIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 2173

31 March 2005